

# 外国語

「英語コミュニケーションⅠ，英語コミュニケーションⅡ，  
英語コミュニケーションⅢ，論理・表現Ⅰ，  
論理・表現Ⅱ，論理・表現Ⅲ」

英語コミュニケーションⅠ, 英語コミュニケーションⅡ,  
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[1]

次の英文を読んで, □1~□7 にあてはまるもっとも適切なものを, 下の①~④から一つずつ選び, 解答用紙 □1~□7 にマークしなさい。\*の付いている語句は注を参照しなさい。

問題文に関する著作権の都合上, 非公開となります

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[ 2 ]

次の [ 8 ] ~ [ 18 ] にあてはまるもっとも適切なものを, 下の語群から一つずつ選び, 解答用紙 [ 8 ] ~ [ 18 ] にマークしなさい。ただし, 同じものは二度以上使えません。

(1)

Do you use a smartphone to look up words in English that you do not know yet? Or do you look up a word and listen to its [ 8 ] so you can learn how to say it? Perhaps you might have used applications on your phone to help you translate [ 9 ] from English to Japanese or vice versa. For many years now, intelligent devices have been gradually establishing a [ 10 ] in the foreign language classroom to help students speak with others in a “foreign language.” Recently, virtual language assistants in the form of small, portable devices or even robots or “chatbots” are being marketed, sold, and used in many [ 11 ] around the world. These devices are a part of the world of Artificial Intelligence and are specifically based on Machine Learning or ML. Once ML machines are given enough data or gain [ 12 ] to it, they can teach themselves how to use that data or [ 13 ] .

- ① access                      ② knowledge                      ③ places                      ④ pronunciation  
⑤ role                              ⑥ sentences                      ⑦ thought

Adapted from *English for Science and Technology Students: Developing Skills for Scientific Communication*, Asahi Press

(2)

“Hello” is a powerful word with huge spiritual value because it can [ 14 ] you with a mechanism to start new relationships and [ 15 ] existing ones. Your failure to offer a simple greeting can result in the cold shoulder or even open hostility. Similar to other polite expressions such as “thank you” or “good afternoon,” “hello” is a word that makes it easier for people to [ 16 ] along. Polite expressions like these are essential for building relationships. Just saying the word “hello” can [ 17 ] you an opportunity for a friendly exchange of comments about the weather or news. If you [ 18 ] the word “hello” with a warm smile, you will be regarded as friendly. On the other hand, if you refuse to exchange a friendly greeting, you may be viewed as rude.

- ① aim                              ② combine                      ③ develop                      ④ get  
⑤ give                              ⑥ provide

Adapted from *Success with Reading Book 2: Boost Your Reading Skills*, Seibido

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[ 3 ]

次の 19 ～ 26 にあてはまるもっとも適切なものを, 下の①～④または①～⑤から一つずつ選び, 解答用紙 19 ～ 26 にマークしなさい。

(1)

A: I'm calling about your ad for a waiter in *Townwork* magazine.

B: 19

A: Well, I've worked in the food and beverage industry for five years.

B: Wonderful. Can you come in for an interview next Monday?

- ① Do you have any experience?
- ② Have you ever worked abroad?
- ③ Which company did you last work for?
- ④ What kind of food and beverages do you enjoy?

(2)

A: I'd like to exchange this. It's too small.

B: Let's see. This is a medium. Would you like to try a large?

A: 20

B: Blue. A one-piece, not a two-piece, right? Yes, we can do that.

A: Great. Where are the fitting rooms?

- ① No, I really don't want to. But thanks anyway.
- ② Yes, I'd like to try them on right now, if that's OK.
- ③ I want the same color, though, and the same style, if possible.
- ④ Well, I'm thinking that maybe I'll just get some blue jeans instead.

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(3)

A: We're going out for coffee. Do you want to join us?

B:

A: The coffee shop around the corner. They have all kinds of cheap drinks.

B: Thanks, but I'm actually too busy right now.

- ① How much does it cost?
- ② The cafeteria downstairs?
- ③ I'm afraid I don't like coffee.
- ④ I'll have some tea with milk and sugar.

(4)

A: Would you mind if I open the window?

B:

A: Perhaps, but it smells bad in here.

B: OK, but only for five minutes.

- ① Not at all.
- ② Yes, I did.
- ③ I'd rather not.
- ④ It's kind of cold outside, isn't it?

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(5)

A: Hi Kana! Please don't be angry with me. I'm only ten minutes late.

B:

A: You know I always have a good excuse, but I won't bore you with one now.

B: Please don't. There's no time. We have to hurry to get our tickets now.

A:

B: Let's hope so.

A: You won't. I promise.

- ① Sorry. Have you been waiting long?
- ② Don't worry about it. I won't mind waiting.
- ③ Do you have any idea how much the tickets cost?
- ④ This is the last time I'm waiting for you. I mean it.
- ⑤ I promise that you'll never have to wait for me again.

(6)

A: We have to go over the plans for the concert.

B:

A: There's a nice restaurant in the station.

B: What about this Friday? I'm busy all the rest of this week.

A: Oh, no. That's the one day I can't make it.

B: That will be fine, but let's meet at my office. We can order in some food to eat while we work.

A: Lunch will be on me! I know the best Chinese take-out place in the city.

- ① OK, I see. So, how about tomorrow?
- ② I know, but where was the concert held?
- ③ I see, but where is the nearest restaurant?
- ④ It'll have to be next week, then. Tuesday?
- ⑤ Can we do it over lunch sometime this week?

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[ 4 ]

次の 27 ～ 36 にあてはまるもっとも適切なものを, 下の①～④から一つずつ選び, 解答用紙 27 ～ 36 にマークしなさい。

- (1) The team worked 27 every night in order to complete the project prior to the conference.  
① tire                      ② tired                      ③ tirelessly                      ④ tiring
- (2) The department 28 three new advanced courses since the semester started in April.  
① had offered                      ② has offered                      ③ offered                      ④ offers
- (3) The experimental data 29 very carefully by the students as they prepared the presentation.  
① checked                      ② had checked                      ③ have checked                      ④ were checked
- (4) 30 publishing the report, make sure to read it again and correct any mistakes.  
① Afterward                      ② Before                      ③ During                      ④ Until
- (5) Please 31 the microscope carefully and gently when you are moving it to another table.  
① disappear                      ② exist                      ③ function                      ④ handle
- (6) We should solve this programming issue 32 instead of asking the teacher for help.  
① our                      ② ours                      ③ ourselves                      ④ us
- (7) Students 33 hand in their proposals by Friday will receive feedback from the professor.  
① which                      ② who                      ③ whom                      ④ whose
- (8) The physics exam was 34 challenging than expected, so many students struggled to finish.  
① little                      ② slightly                      ③ slightly more                      ④ the most
- (9) This research paper contains 35 detailed analysis of the three studies in the field.  
① least                      ② less                      ③ the least                      ④ the less
- (10) He lost the manual 36 described the crucial information needed for the experiment.  
① that                      ② what                      ③ when                      ④ where

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[ 5 ]

次の (1) ~ (5) の意味を英語で表現するように①~⑥の語句を並べかえ, 最初から 2 番目と 4 番目の語句をそれぞれ一つずつ選び, 解答用紙 **37** ~ **46** にマークしなさい。ただし, 文頭に来る語も小文字にしてあります。

(1) AI テクノロジーの基礎を作ったのはアラン・チューリングです。

(        ) ( **37** ) (        ) ( **38** ) (        ) (        ) AI technologies.

- |                     |       |        |
|---------------------|-------|--------|
| ① Alan Turing       | ② it  | ③ laid |
| ④ the foundation of | ⑤ was | ⑥ who  |

(2) その学生はドイツ語やフランス語はもちろん, 英語も話すことができません。

The student (        ) ( **39** ), (        ) ( **40** ) (        ) (        ).

- |                 |               |                     |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|
| ① does not know | ② English     | ③ German and French |
| ④ of            | ⑤ say nothing | ⑥ to                |

(3) 少なくとも 100 万語がこのオンライン辞書には掲載されています。

(        ) ( **41** ) (        ) ( **42** ) (        ) (        ).

- |                   |            |                          |
|-------------------|------------|--------------------------|
| ① a million words | ② contains | ③ less                   |
| ④ no              | ⑤ than     | ⑥ this online dictionary |

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(4) 数年前, イタリアを旅行中にパスポートを盗まれたことがあります。

(            ) (  ) (            ) (  ) (            ) (            ) Italy several years ago.

- |          |                |               |
|----------|----------------|---------------|
| ① had    | ② I            | ③ my passport |
| ④ stolen | ⑤ traveling in | ⑥ while       |

(5) 彼は国内で仕事があるという理由でビザを交付されました。

(            ) (  ) (            ) (  ) (            ) (            ) in the country.

- |                  |             |               |
|------------------|-------------|---------------|
| ① a job offer    | ② a visa on | ③ he had      |
| ④ he was granted | ⑤ that      | ⑥ the grounds |